Dubliners

Sample Analytical Paper Topics

TOPIC#1

Discuss three instances in the collection wherein a dead or missing figure possesses greater vitality than do those of the present. Indicate the influence these dead have on the living who remember them.

Outline

I. Thesis Statement: Whether a deceased relative, former love, or prominent political figure, the figures of the dead in Dubliners influence the lives and behavior of the living to a profound degree. Of particular significance are the dead characters haunting the characters in "Eveline," "Ivy Day," and "The Dead."

II. Eveline

- A. Mother
 - 1. Keeps Eveline from moving away from home.
 - 2. Continues to induce guilt that makes her subservient to her father.
- B. Brother Ernest
 - 1. Happy memories of childhood fool Eveline into thinking her current family life is bearable.

III. Ivy Day in the Committee Room

- A. Charles Stewart Parnell
 - 1. Reminds the political canvassers of their unfair treatment of him years earlier.
 - 2. Unsettles their consciences regarding their current political practices.
 - 3. Inspires in some a desire to be truer to the cause of Irish autonomy.

IV. The Dead

- A. Gabriel's Mother
 - 1. In guaranteeing Gabriel a superior education, also made him overly conscious of his intellectual superiority, thereby stifling the emotional side of his character.
 - 2. Always disregarded Gretta as being beneath her son because Gretta was a country girl.
- B. Michael Furey
 - 1. Causes Gretta anguish as she remembers that she was partly responsible for his death.
 - 2. Reminds Gretta of the emotional void she currently has in relationship with Gabriel.

TOPIC#2

Discuss the inequities of class and gender in three stories and the consequences of these inequities.

Outline

I. Thesis Statement: Gender and class cause certain members of Dublin society to be oppressed by others, often forcing them to submit to humiliation, degradation and—to some degree—the selling of their self-worth. In these same stories, those in a "superior" position exploit those beneath them to help support their own fragile existence.

II. Two Gallants

- A. Corley treats servant girls abusively because he is from a higher class.
- B. The girls Corley mistreats endure his boorishness in hopes that he'll marry them.

III. The Boarding House

- A. Mrs. Mooney allows her daughter to compromise her values in order to "trap" a husband.
- B. Because he needs to hold onto his job, Bob Doran allows himself to be forced into an undesirable marriage.
- C. Because an unmarried woman had no way of providing for herself, Polly Mooney must accept Doran as a husband, even though they are incompatible.

IV. Counterparts

- A. Farrington must endure being verbally abused by his boss because he probably could not find other employment.
- B. Farrington's wife cannot expect support from him but cannot leave him because:
 - 1. She's Catholic.
 - 2. She has five children to support and would be unable to earn wages on her own.
- C. Farrington's son Tom must bear the brunt of his father's anger because he's too young and helpless to live on his own.

TOPIC#3

Discuss the theme of the "unlived life" as it's represented in at least three of the stories.

Outline

I. Thesis Statement: Due to their spiritual paralysis, many of Joyce's characters cannot seize the opportunities they long for, even when such opportunity is close within their grasp. Fear, self-doubt and psychic inertia have caused these characters to halt the progress of their own development, abandoning any possibility of or hope for change.

II. A Little Cloud

- A. Little can't become a poet because he's too afraid to take a risk in his life.
- B. Intimidated by his wife, whom he doesn't love, Little must obey her.
- C. Because of his frustration and lack of emotional fulfillment, Little cannot enjoy (or love) his own son.

III. Clay

- A. Maria works in an artificially sheltered environment around people with whom she doesn't enjoy an emotional connection.
- B. Afraid of her sexuality and/or maturity, Maria lives a celibate life.
- C. Because her existence is so devoid of substantial meaning, Maria's life revolves around trivialities which frustrate and sometimes bewilder her.

IV. A Painful Case

- A. Duffy has convinced himself that he needs no human contact and has robbed himself of emotional interaction.
- B. Emily Sinico has been deprived of human affection by her husband.

- C. Because of each of their thwarted experience in relationships with others, neither character can successfully reach out to the other.
- D. As a result, both destroy themselves:
 - 1. Emily by suicide.
 - 2. Duffy by self-deception and, therefore, a missed opportunity for love.